## **City Centre Sustainable Housing Design Competition**

# Workshop 2 Housing: Units, density, and self-built

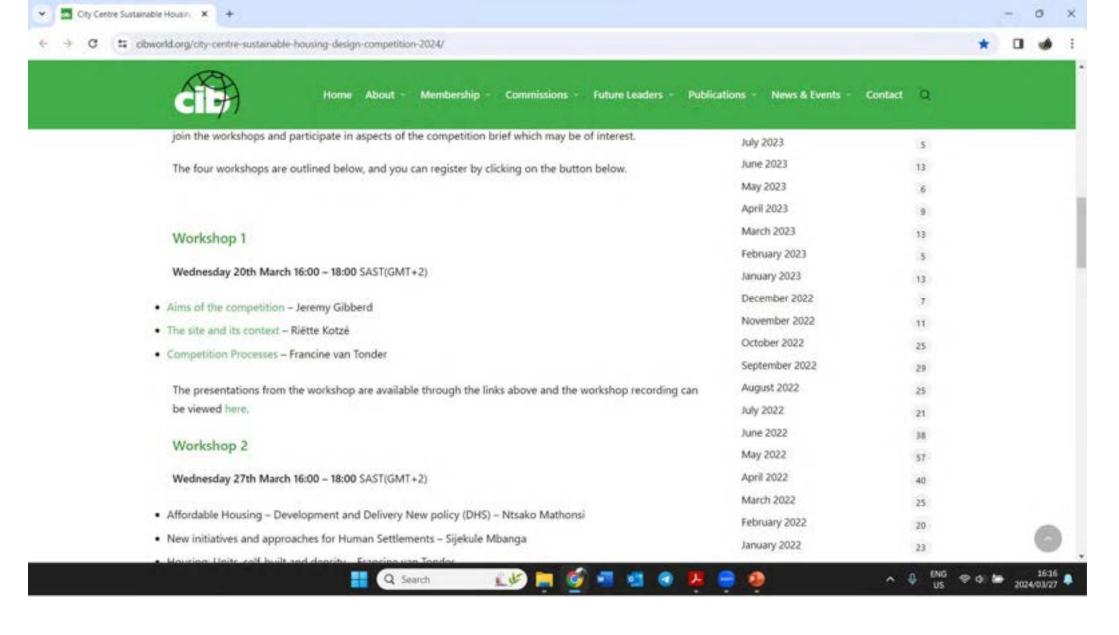
Date: 27 March 2024

Time: 16:00-18:00

Venue: Online hosted by the CIB

Presenter: Francine van Tonder







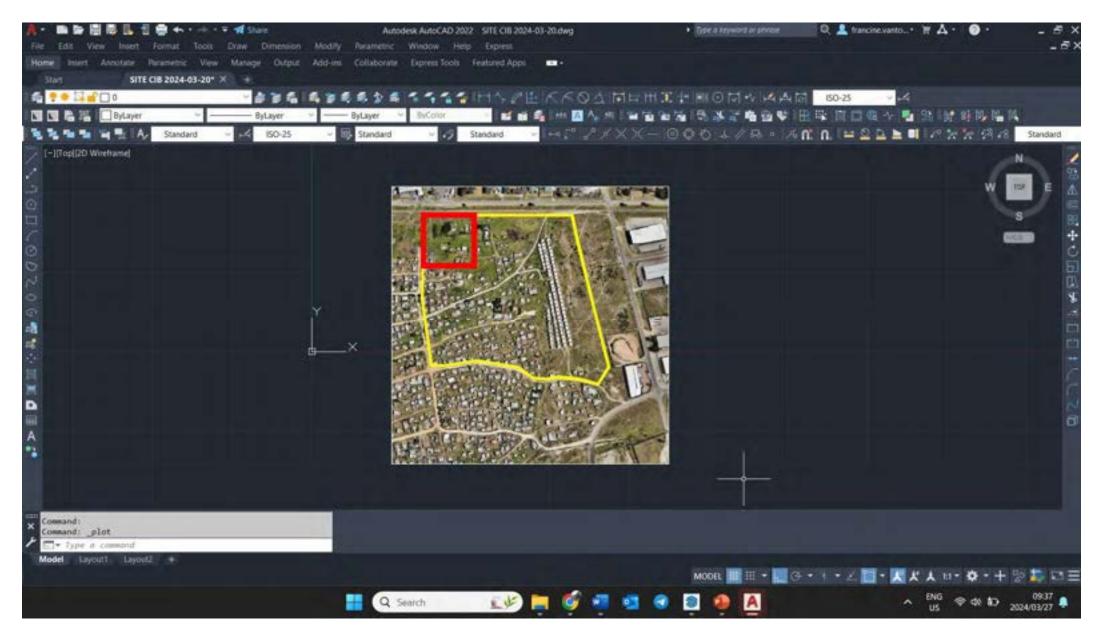
## Housing:

- Density,
- units,
- self-built

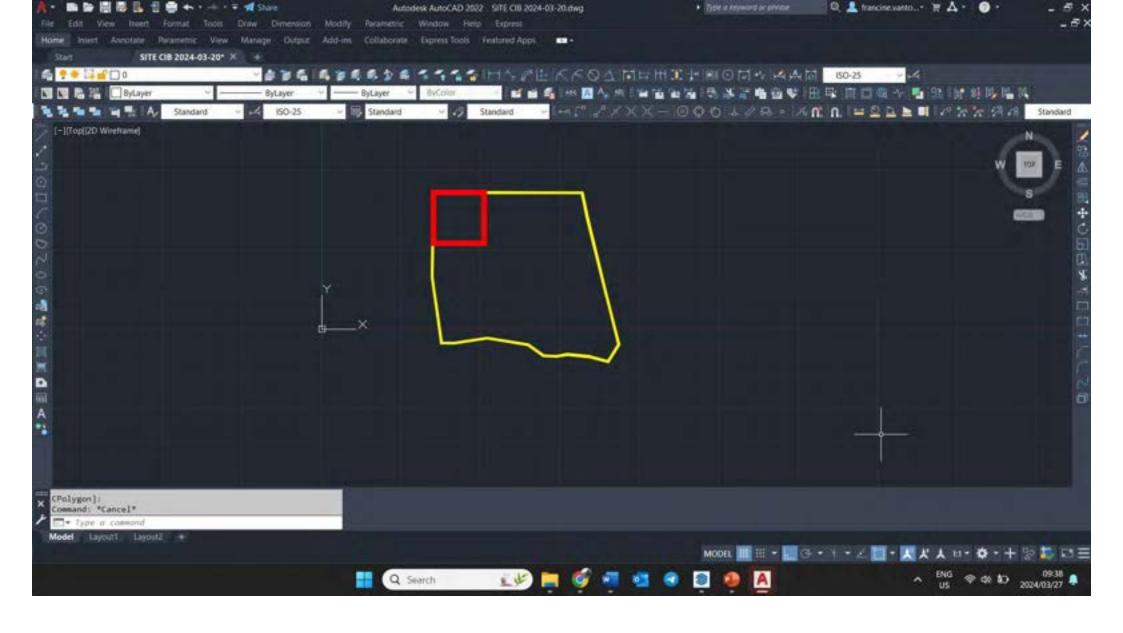


- Last week we looked at the site of 10 ha.
- One hectare is equal to an area of 10 000 square metres.
- Or 100m x 100m.

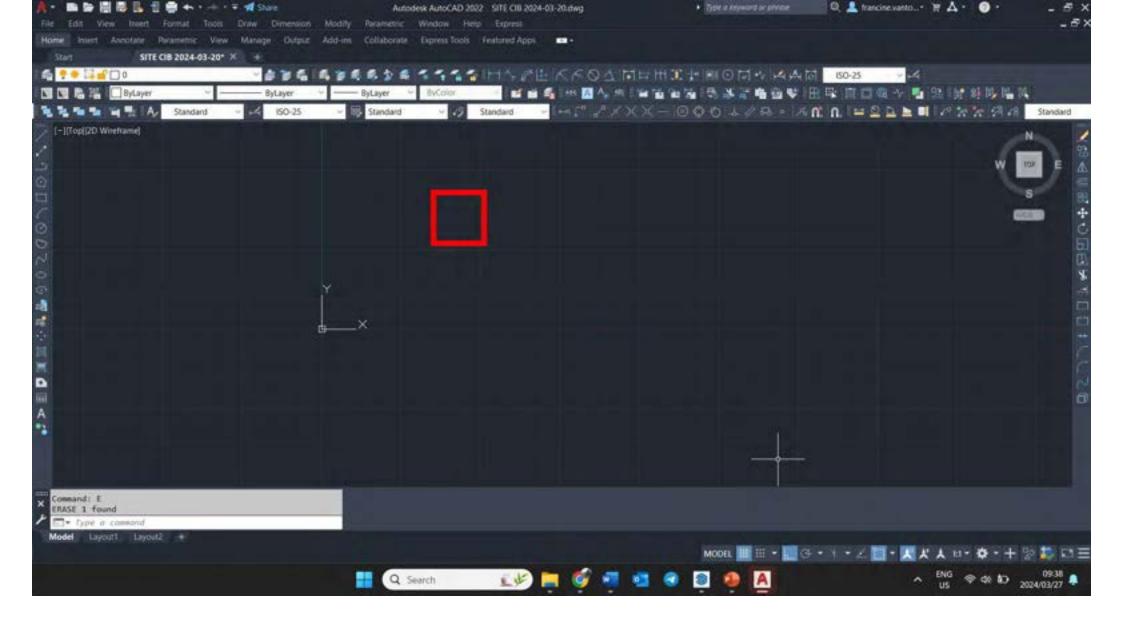










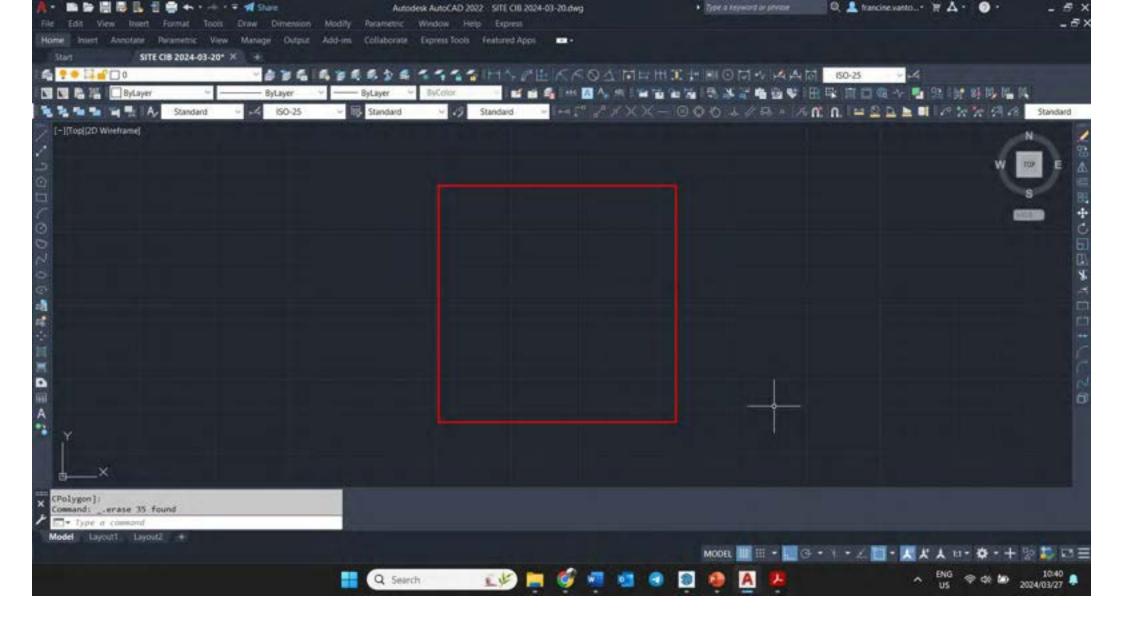




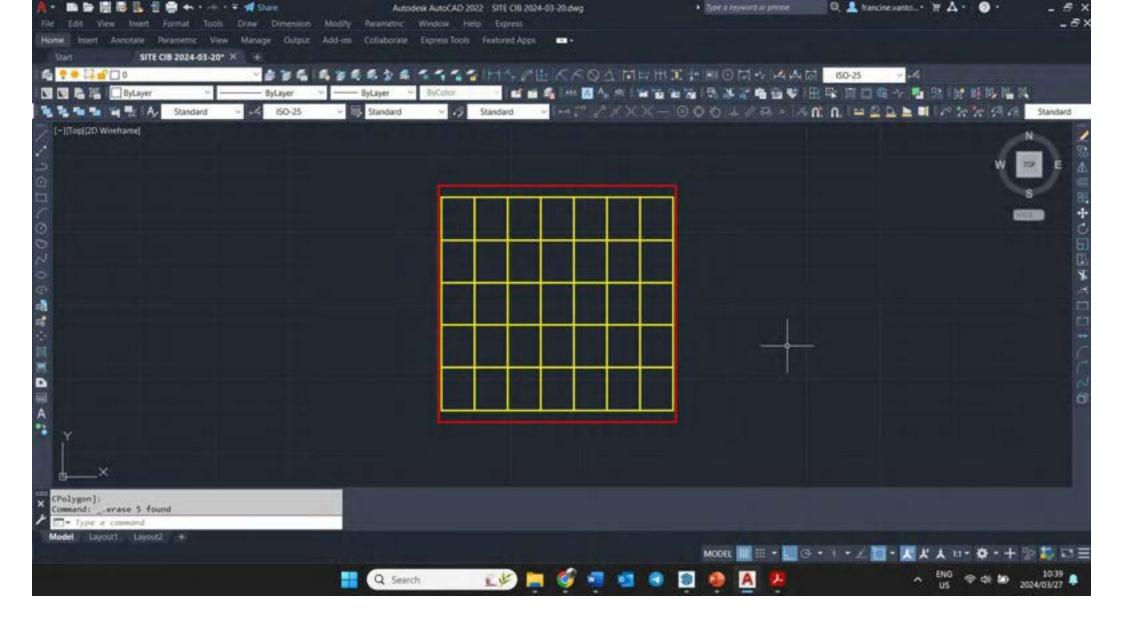
The 2024 site

- Standard RDP housing plots adhere to a minimum size of 250sqm per house (Greyling, 2009; Harrison et al., 2014)
- A low-cost housing unit of min 40 sqm.
- On a min 250 sqm site (14mx18m=252 sqm)

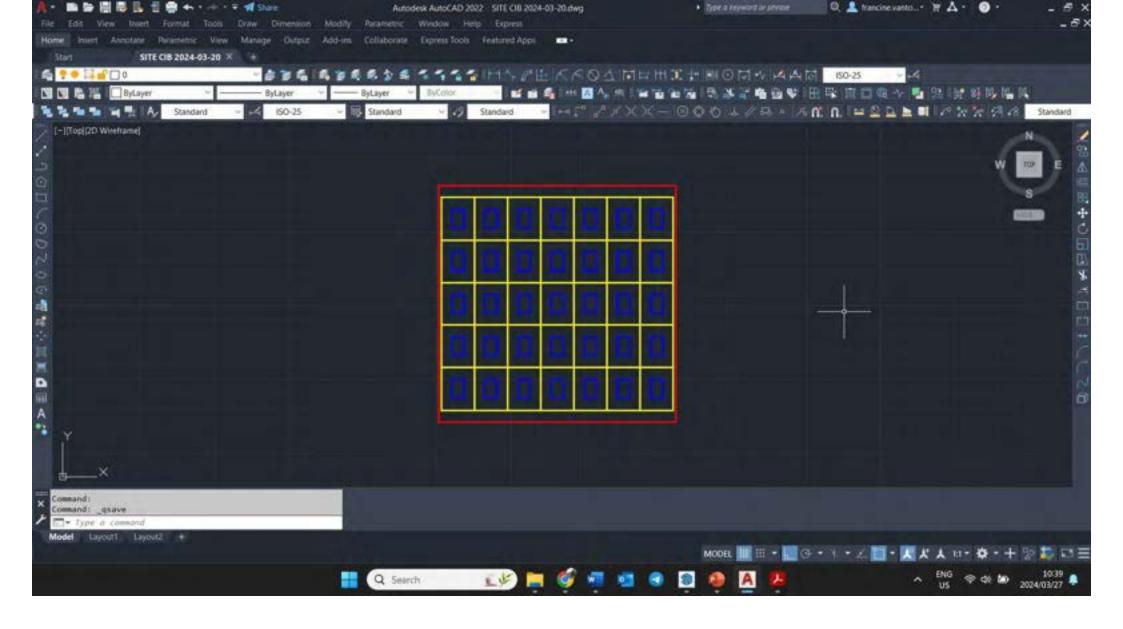




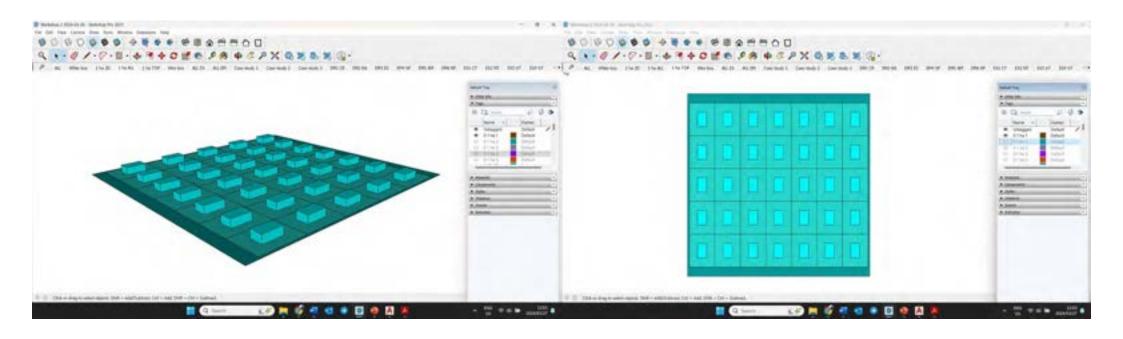












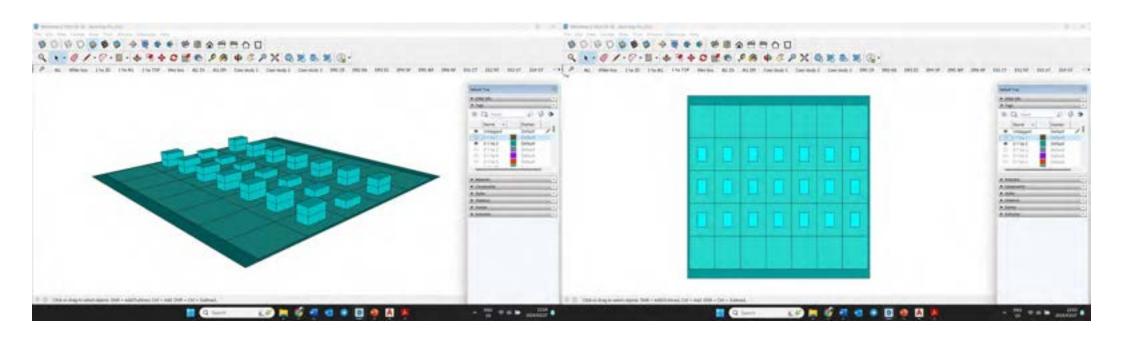


#### **Accommodation Schedule**

For this proposal, our team developed one hectare of the site as per (for example) the image above/ Figure 1.

Function	Description	Overall number (occupants/u sers)	Overall floor area (m2)	Overall coverage (m2 and percentage, ex. 48%)
Housing units	(Example) 35 no 2 bed, 40 m2 units	3.34 (people) x 35 (units) = 116.9	35 (units) x 40 m2 (per unit) = 1 400 m2	Overall coverage: 1 400 m2  Percentage: 14% (1 400/ 10 000) x 100
Work units	None			
Other amenities and/ or activities in your proposal	None			
Subtotals				





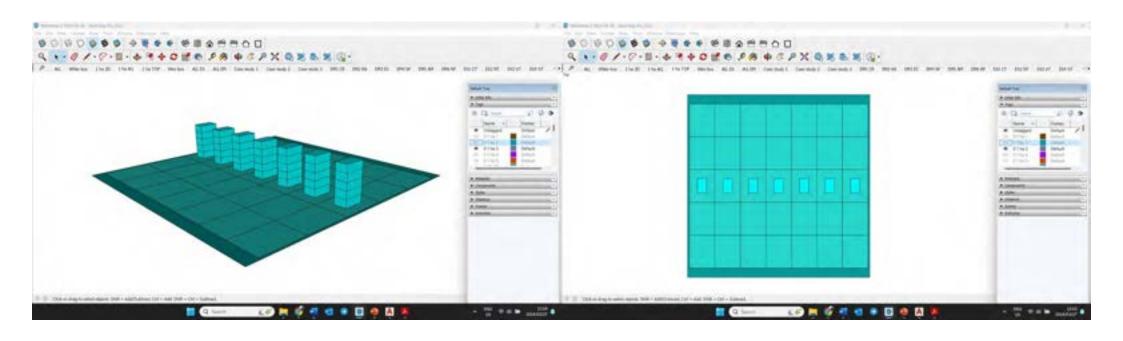


#### **Accommodation Schedule**

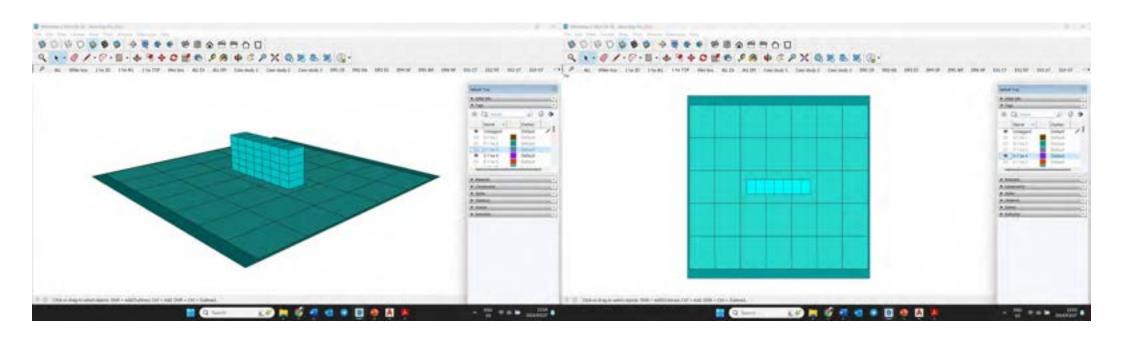
For this proposal, our team developed one hectare of the site as per (for example) the image above/ Figure 1.

Function	Description	Overall number (occupants/u sers)	Overall floor area (m2)	Overall coverage (m2 and percentage, ex. 48%)
Housing units	(Example) 35 no 2 bed, 40 m2 units	3.34 (people) x 35 (units) = 116.9	35 (units) x 40 m2 (per unit) = 1 400 m2	Overall coverage: 840 m2 Percentage: 8.4% (840/ 10 000) x 100
Work units	None			
Other amenities and/ or activities in your proposal	None			
Subtotals				

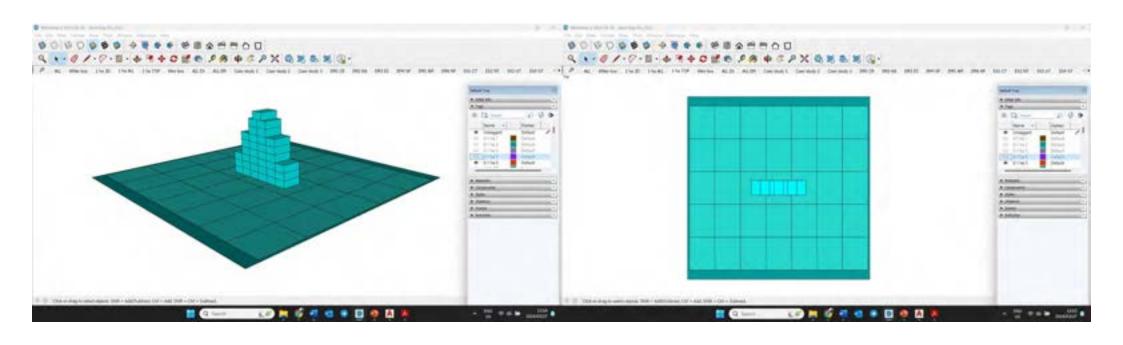




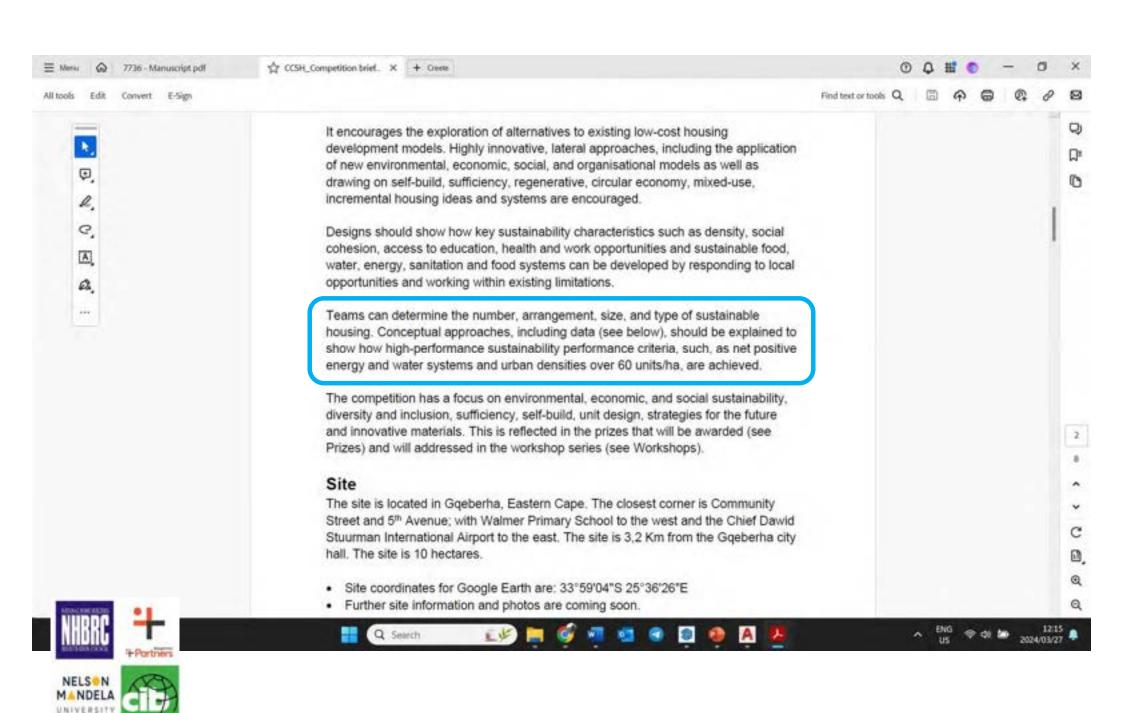


















# Paris or Manhattan: Which type of city is best for reducing emissions?

Sep 20, 2021





Figure 2.6: Relationship between density and urban form



• 75 units/ha

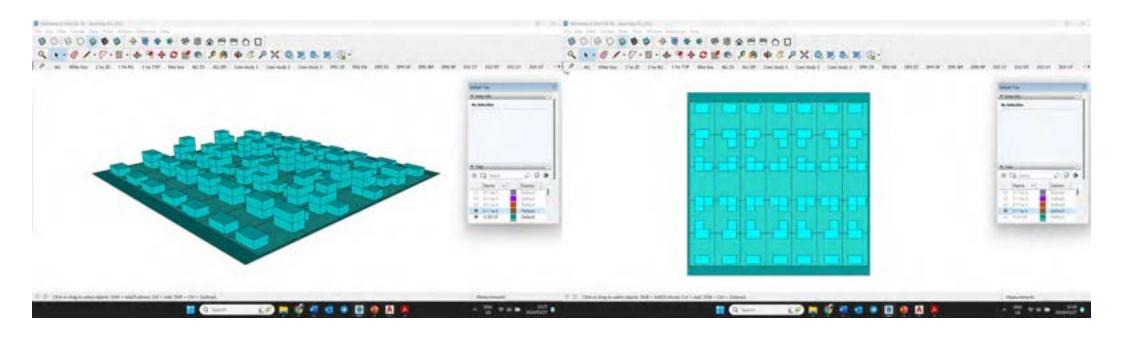


(Andrew Wright Associates)





Density





- What is your strategy to densify towards 60 units/ ha?
- Or to achieve more units per hectare?
- What is your strategy for the unit?
- What is your strategy for the future?
- Can those who live on the site have a hand in the densification of the site?
- Is self-built possible?
- What is your urban planning strategy for the 10 ha?



There are 3 additional prizes specifically for those who answer these
questions with abstract emerging ideas and well-resolved, beautifully
presented proposals.



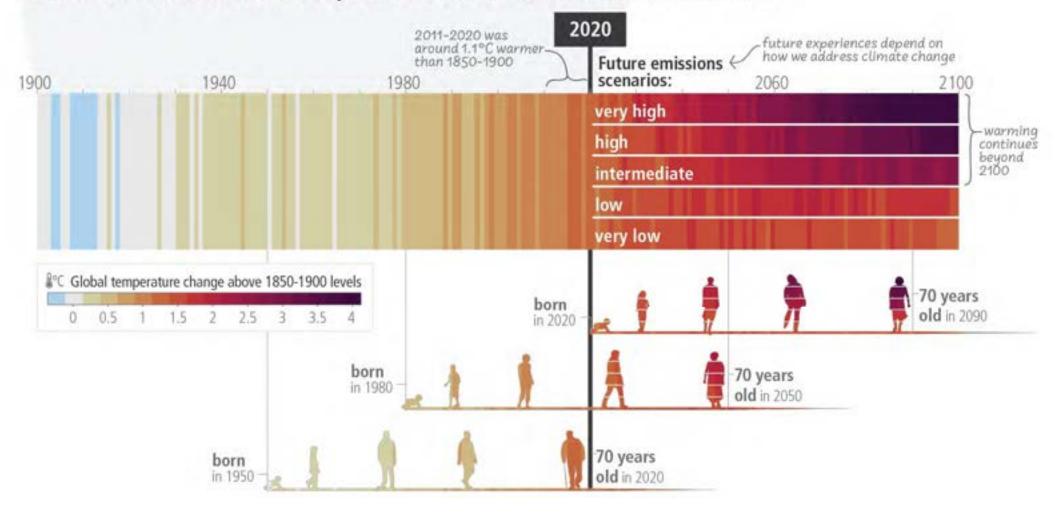
submission from 12 finalist groups	
Exhibition and Prize-giving	Hosted at the 18th Built Environment Conference Construction 5.0: Towards a Collaborative and People-Centered Industry, 15 July 2024 at Nelson Mandela University

## Prizes

Overall Scheme	South African Rands (ZAR) (75 500-00 total)	
First prize	10 000-00	
Second prize	7 500-00	
Third prize	5 000-00	
Sustainability Prizes		
Environmental	7 500-00	
Economic	7 500-00	
Social	7 500-00	
Merit Prizes		
Future strategy	7 500-00	
Self-build and sufficiency	7 500-00	
Unit design	7 500-00	
Эропвота Етіде	U	
Innovative building technologies	8 000-00	



# c) The extent to which current and future generations will experience a hotter and different world depends on choices now and in the near-term



Source: IPCC, 2023: Summary for Policymakers. In: Climate Change 2023: Synthesis Report. A Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Contribution of Working Groups I, II and III to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Core Writing Team, H. Lee and J. Romero (eds.)]. IPCC, Geneva, Switzerland, 36 pages. (in press). p7

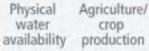


## Adverse impacts from human-caused climate change will continue to intensify

a) Observed widespread and substantial impacts and related losses and damages attributed to climate change

## Water availability and food production









Animal and livestock health and productivity



Fisheries yields and aquaculture production



Infectious diseases





Mental health



Displacement

#### Cities, settlements and infrastructure



... Inland flooding and associated damages



Flood/storm induced damages in coastal areas



Damages to infrastructure



Damages to key economic sectors

## Biodiversity and ecosystems







Freshwater ecosystems ecosystems

Ocean

Includes changes in ecosystem structure, species ranges and seasonal timing

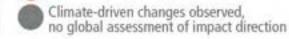
Source: IPCC, 2023: Summary for Policymakers. In: Climate Change 2023: Synthesis Report. A Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Contribution of Working Groups I, II and III to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Core Writing Team, H. Lee and J. Romero (eds.)]. IPCC, Geneva, Switzerland, 36 pages. (in press). p7



## Observed increase in climate impacts to human systems and ecosystems assessed at global level







## Confidence in attribution to climate change

- \*\*\* High or very high confidence
- \*\* Medium confidence
- Low confidence

## b) Impacts are driven by changes in multiple physical climate conditions, which are increasingly attributed to human influence

Attribution of observed physical climate changes to human influence: Medium confidence Likely Very likely



Increase in agricultural & ecological drought



Increase in fire weather



Increase in compound flooding



Increase in heavy



precipitation



retreat

Global sea



level rise

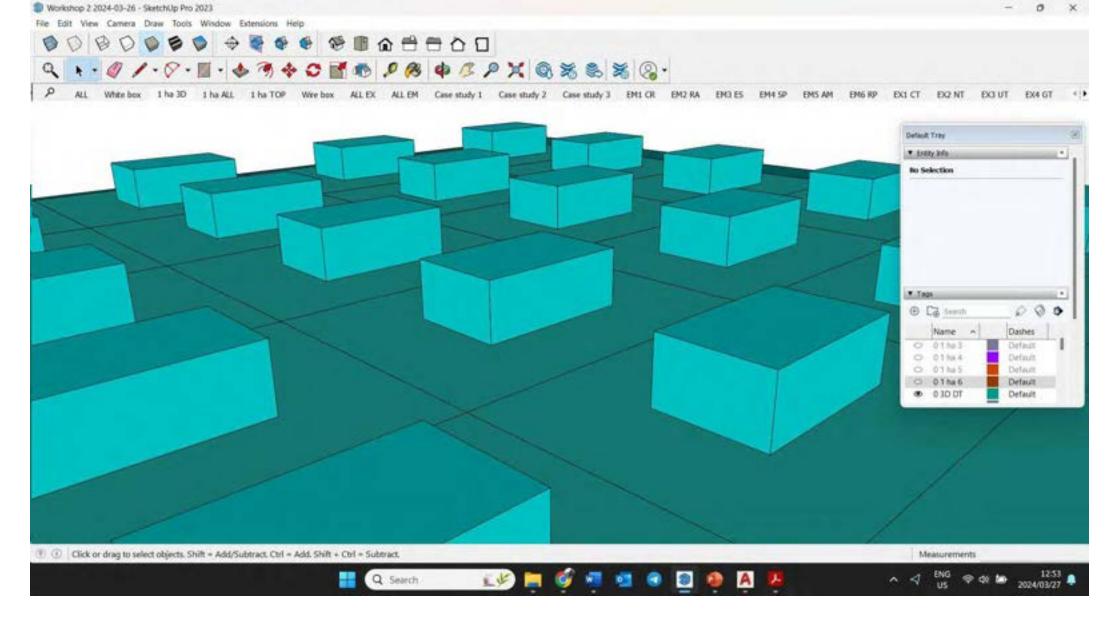


Virtually certain



Increase in hot extremes







Units

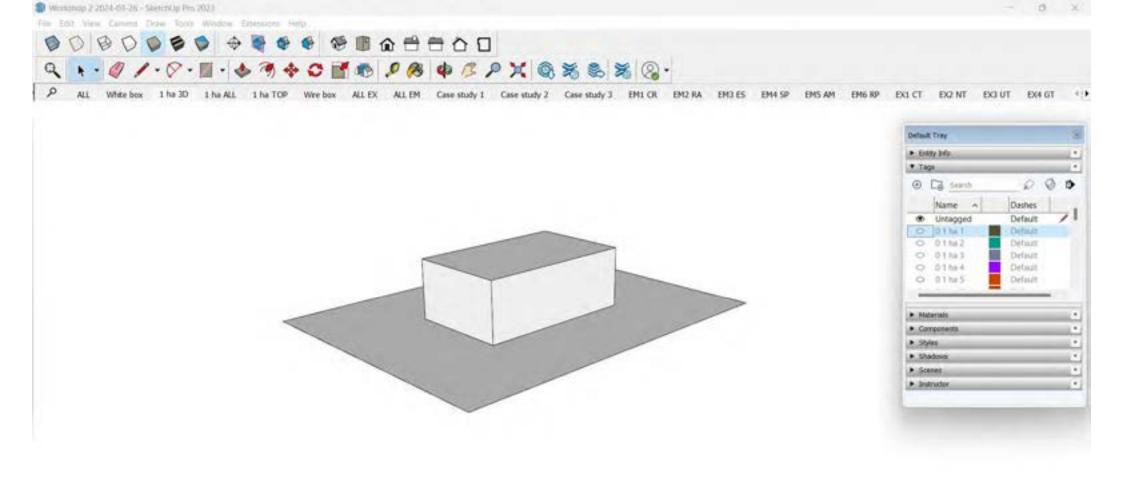




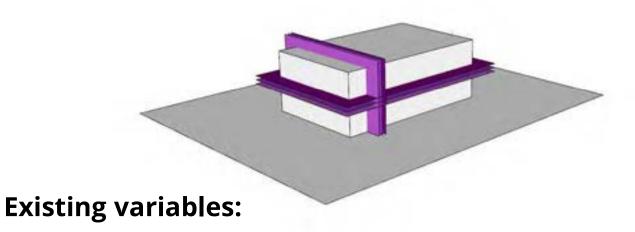


Table 1. Existing and emerging variables that inform the specifics of architectural information in the architectural design process (Adapted from: van Tonder, 2022<sup>3</sup>)

Existing design variable	Emerging design variable	
Cultural topology (a)	Climate resilience adaptation (g)	
Natural topology (b)	Redress of imperialism (h)	
Industrial thinking typology (c)	Economic and social fairness and foothold toward a circular economy (i)	
Indigenous thinking typology (d)	Service provision system interception with circular approach (j)	
Visual tectonics (e)	Amenities system interception with circular approach (k)	
Technology tectonics (f)	Regenerative potential (I)	





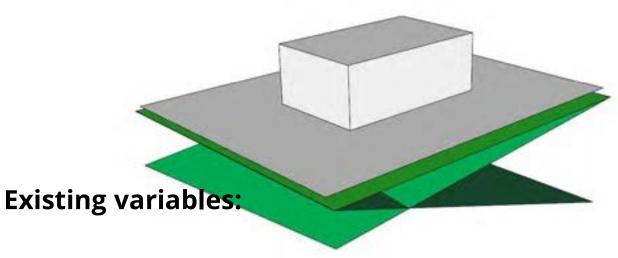


Cultural topology (a)







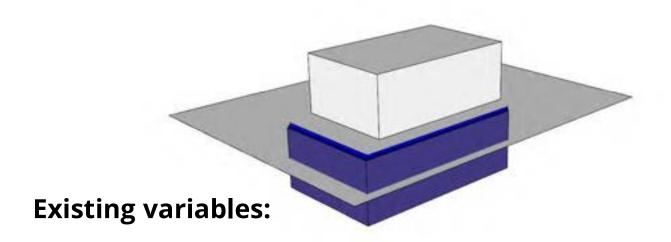


Natural topology (b)







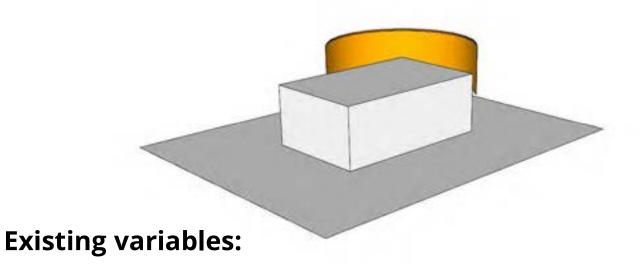


Industrial thinking typology (c)







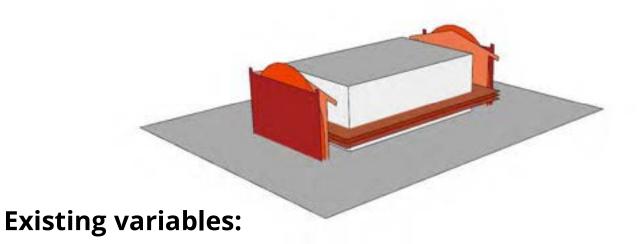


Indigenous thinking typology (d)







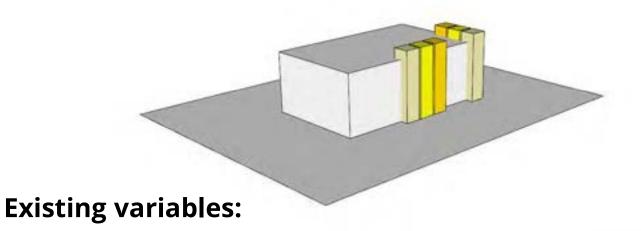


• Visual tectonics (e)





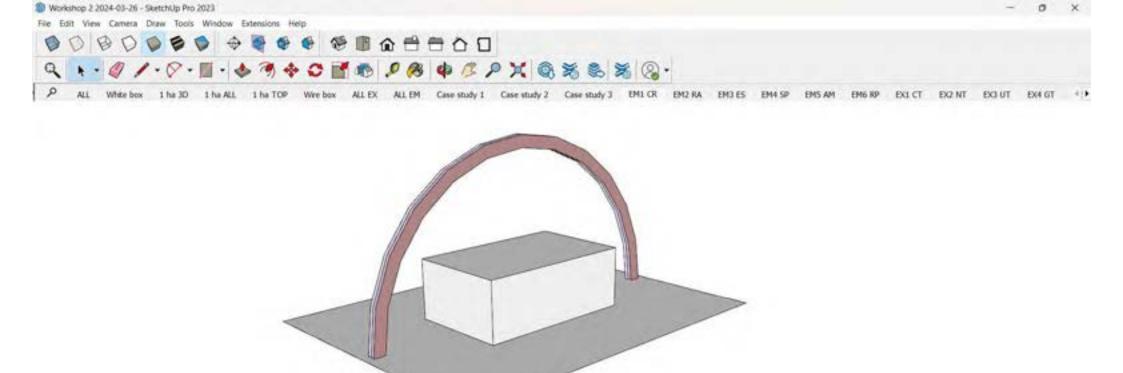




• Technology tectonics (f)







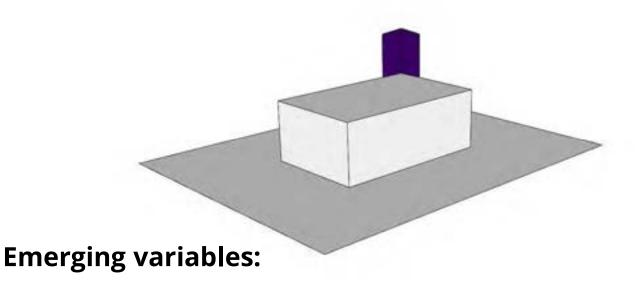
Climate resilience adaptation (g)





**Emerging variables:** 



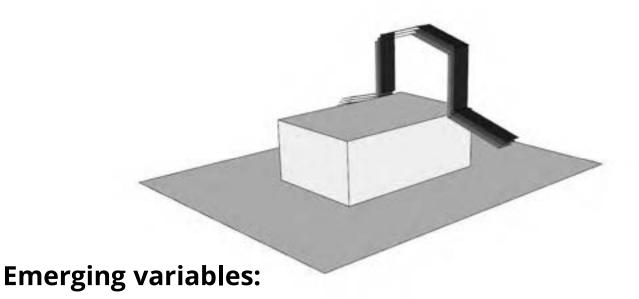


Redress of imperialism (h)







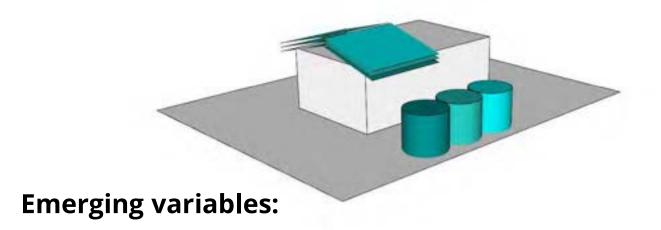


Economic and social fairness and foothold toward a circular economy
 (i)







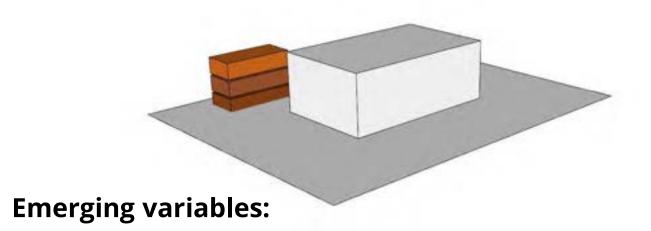


• Service provision system interception with circular approach (j)







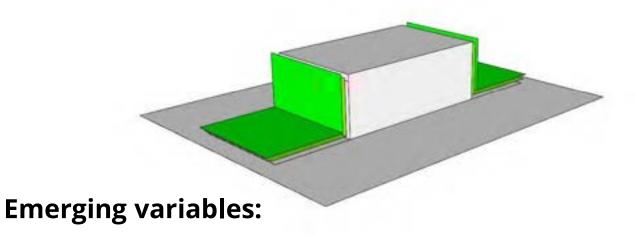


• Amenities system interception with circular approach (k)





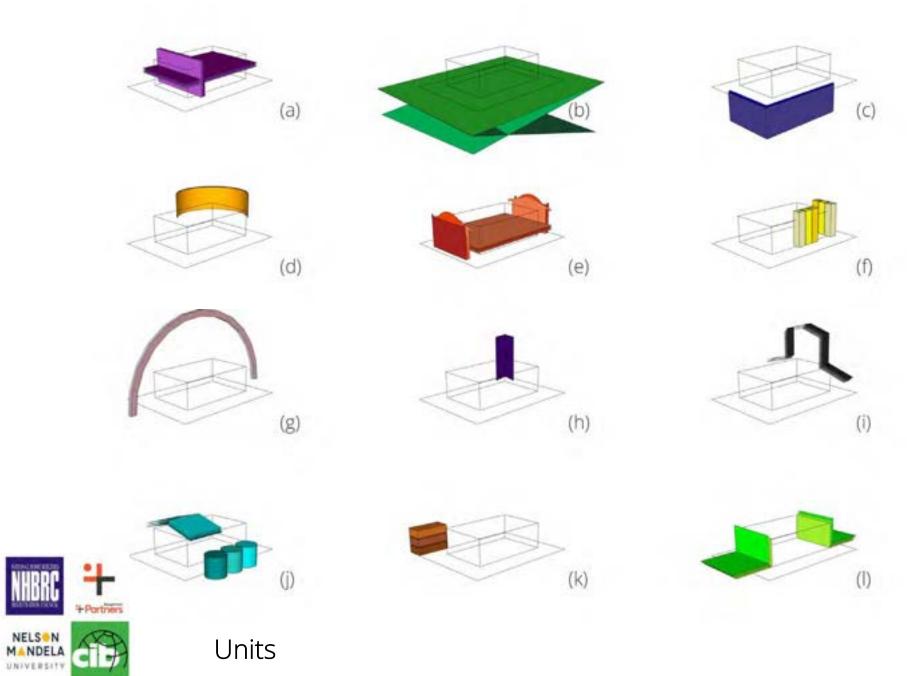




Regenerative potential (l)

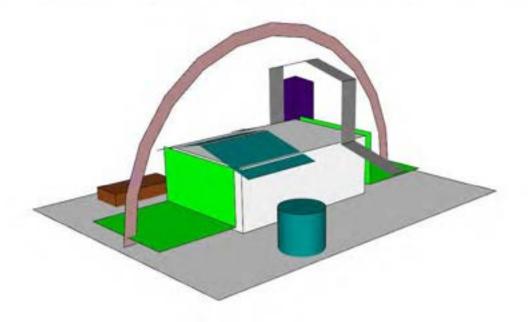






Units

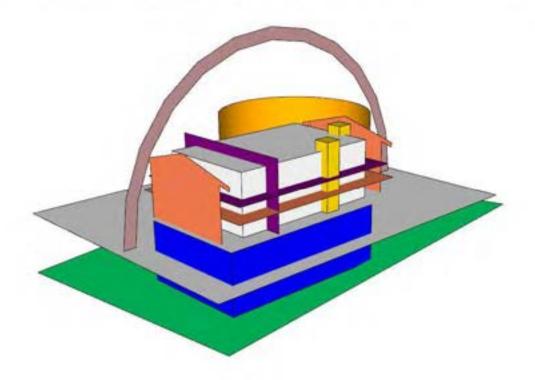








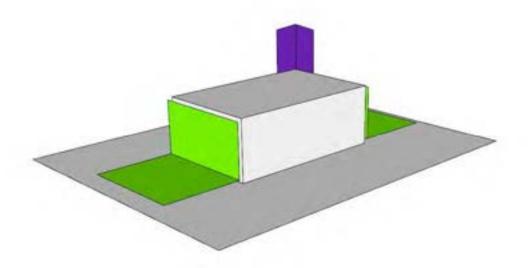








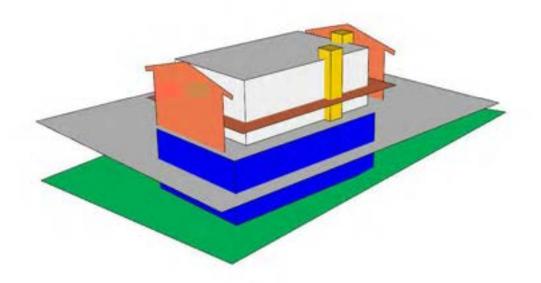








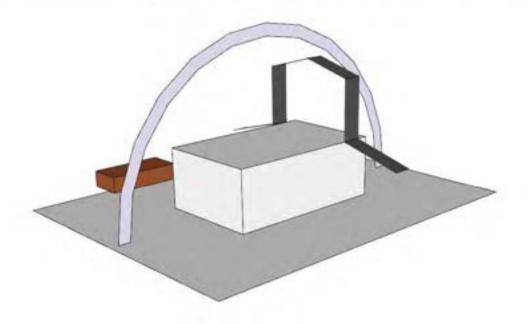








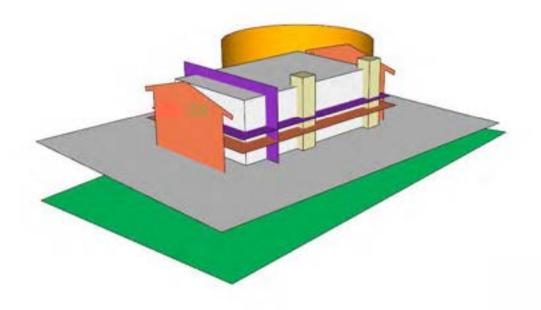








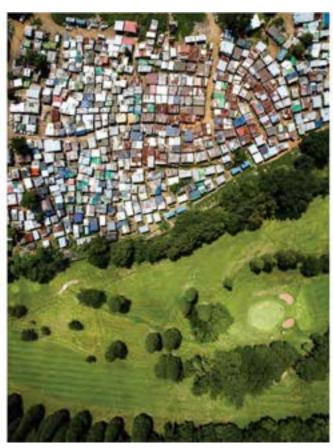


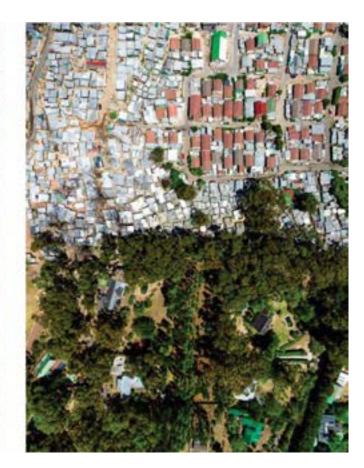








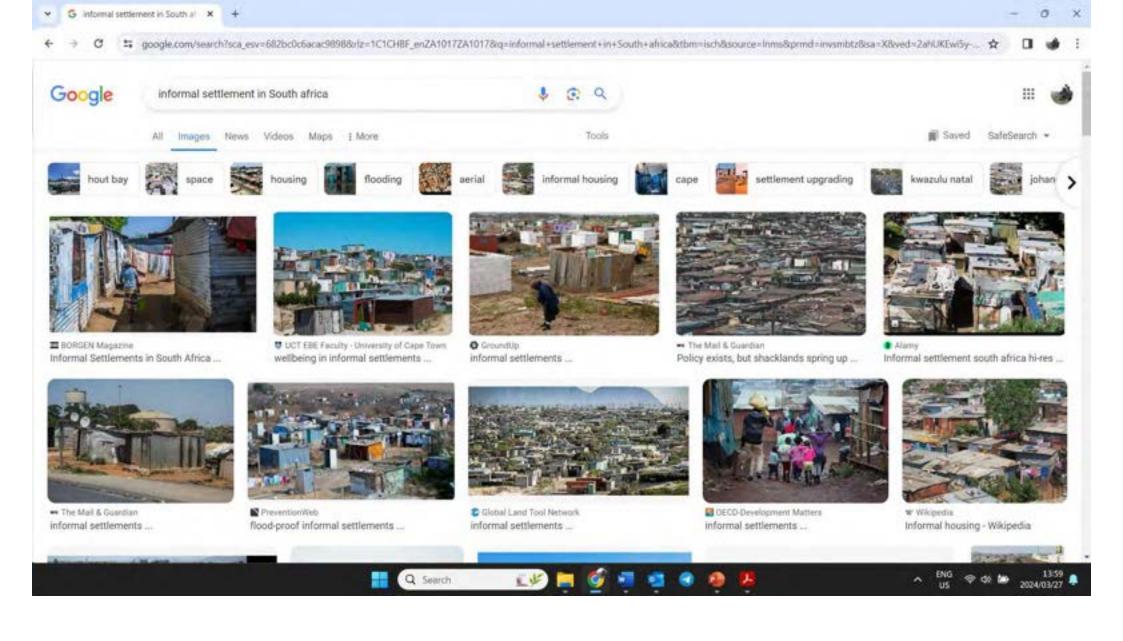




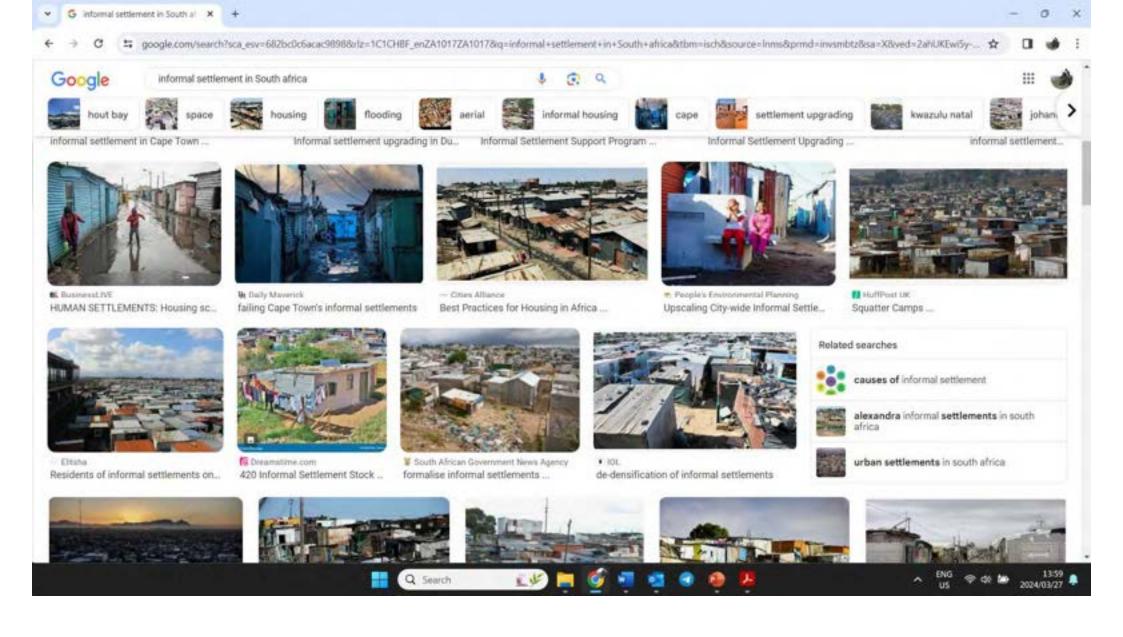


It is estimated that between 4 and 5 million people currently reside in informal settlements in South Africa.

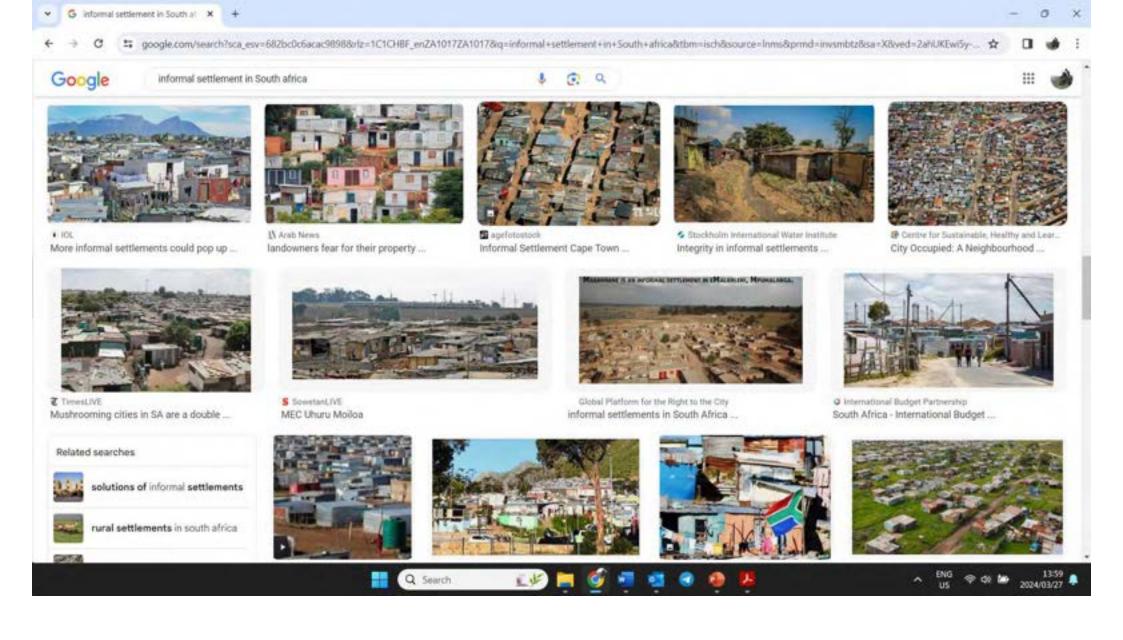




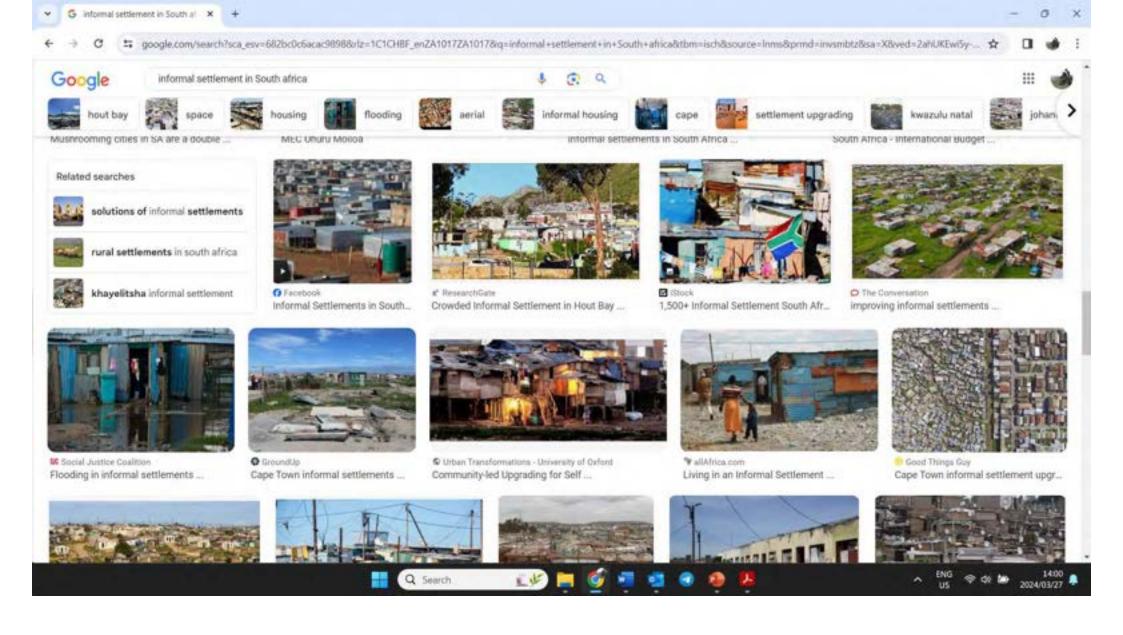




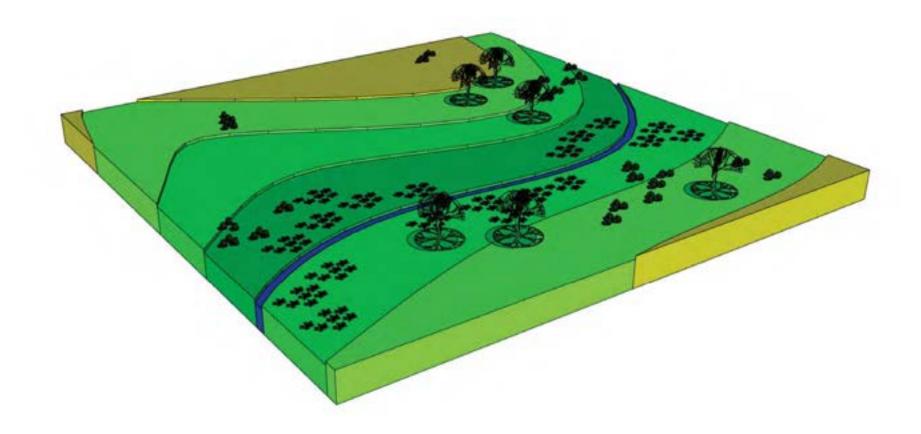






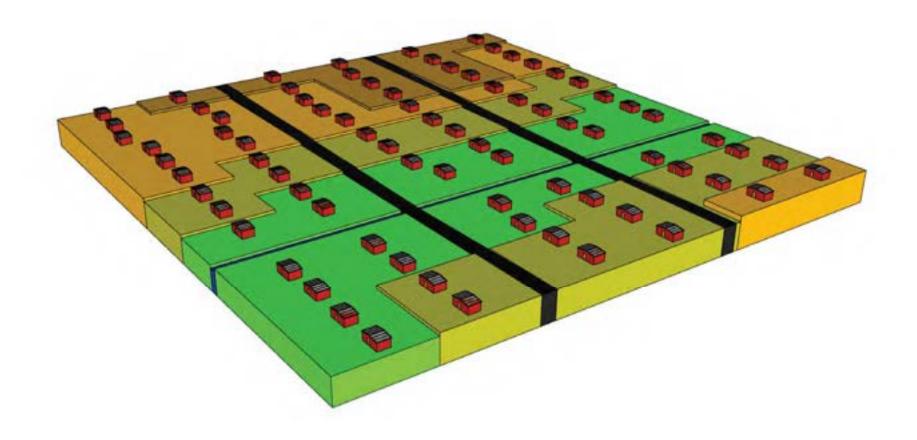






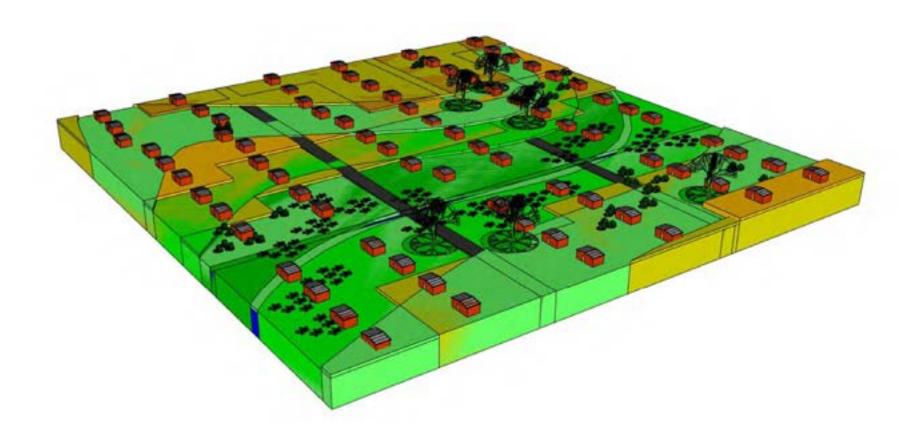


Self-built

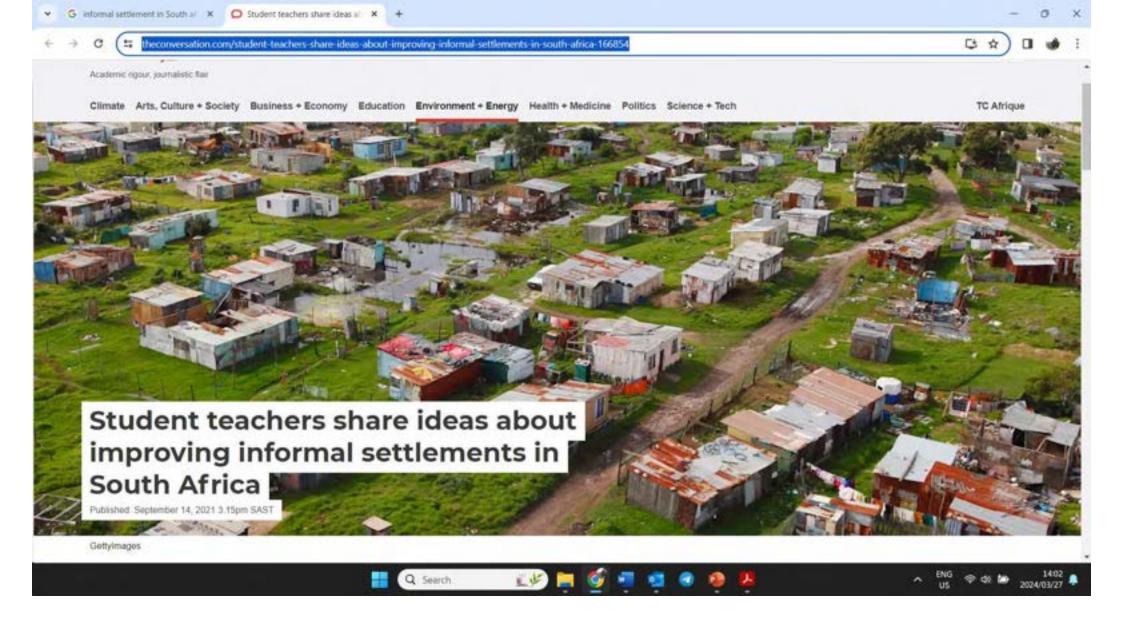




Self-built



















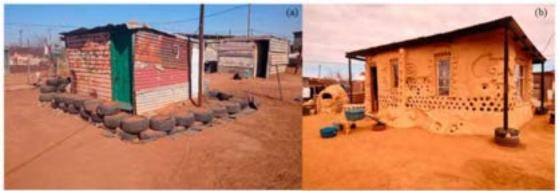






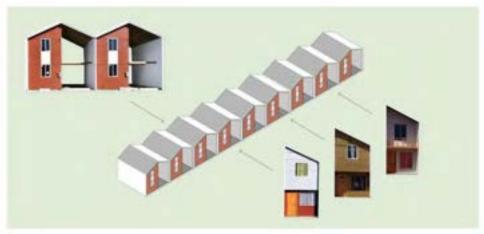


































Self-built







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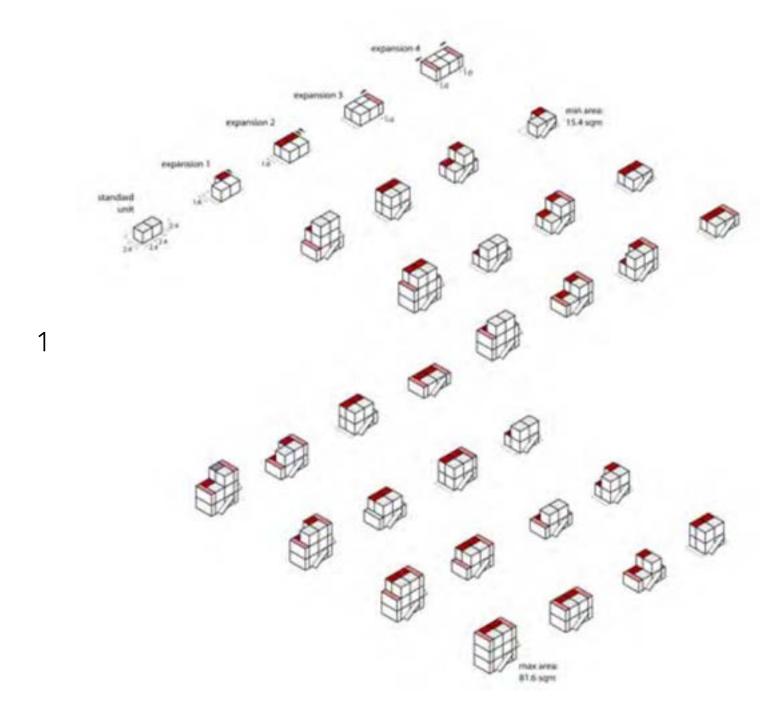














Self-built















## fin

What questions do you have for us?

